

# Solution and Marking Scheme

## Theory

### III. Plasma Lens

- a) Consider cylindrical Gaussian surface of radius  $r$  and length  $\ell$  about the central axis.

From Gauss's law

$$E2\pi r\ell = \frac{1}{\epsilon_0} (\text{charge inside}) \quad (0.5 \text{ points})$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\epsilon_0} ne(\pi r^2 \ell)$$

$$E_r = -\frac{ner}{2\epsilon_0} \quad (0.5 \text{ point})$$

- b) From Ampere's law,  $B_\theta = -\frac{\mu_0 n e r v}{2}$  (2 points)

- c) The net Lorentz force is

$$\vec{F} = \left( \frac{ne^2 r}{2\epsilon_0} - \frac{\mu_0 ne^2 r v^2}{2} \right) \hat{r} = \frac{ne^2 r}{2\epsilon_0} \left( 1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2} \right) \hat{r}$$

where  $c = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_0 \mu_0}}$  (1 point)

- d)  $F_r \rightarrow 0$  as  $v \rightarrow c$ , this implies the electric force and magnetic force cancel each other out. (1 point)

- e) The stationary plasma particles have  $v = 0$ , hence  $F_{r'} = \pm eE_r$ ,

where  $E_{r'} = -\frac{neR^2}{2\epsilon_0 r'} + \frac{n_o e r'}{2\epsilon_0}$

for positive ion  $F_{r'} = -\frac{ne^2 R^2}{2\epsilon_0 r'} + \frac{n_o e^2 r'}{2\epsilon_0}$

for electron  $F_{r'} = \frac{ne^2 R^2}{2\epsilon_0 r'} - \frac{n_o e^2 r'}{2\epsilon_0}$

and there is no cancellation from the magnetic force.

As a result the plasma electrons will be blown out, and the ions are pulled in. (2 points)

- f) The net force on the electron beam in plasma medium is given by,

$$\vec{F} = \frac{ne^2 r}{2\epsilon_0} \left( 1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2} \right) \hat{r} - \frac{n_o e^2 r}{2\epsilon_0} \hat{r} \quad (2 \text{ points})$$

in the limit  $v \rightarrow c$ ,  $\vec{F} \approx -\frac{n_o e^2 r}{2\epsilon_0} \hat{r}$  (1 point)